SAFETY DATA SHEET

Alloy Sn50-Pb50

Section 1. Identi [®]	fication
GHS product identifier	: Alloy Sn50-Pb50
Reference number	: GHS001
Other means of dentification	: Not applicable
Product type	: Solid. [bar, ingot, solid wire]
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Not applicable.	
Supplier's details	: DISTRIBUTOR Hajoca Corporation 2001 Joshua Road Lafayette Hill, PA 19444 Tel. 225-295-4212
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: INFOTRAC North America: (800) 535-5053 International: (352) 323-3500
Section 2. Hazar	ds identification
DSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	:

: Warning
: Suspected of causing cancer.
: Not applicable.
: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing.
: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
: Store locked up.
: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Other means of identification

- : Mixture
- : Not applicable

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
		7440-31-5 7439-92-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Potential acute health e	ffects
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sy	r <u>mptoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
ndication of immediate r	nedical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

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 Date of previous issue
 : No previous validation
 Version
 : 0.01
 2/12

Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures **Extinguishing media** Suitable extinguishing : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. media **Unsuitable extinguishing** : None known. media Specific hazards arising : No specific fire or explosion hazard. from the chemical Hazardous thermal : Decomposition products may include the following materials: metal oxide/oxides decomposition products **Special protective actions** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if for fire-fighters there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. **Special protective** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. equipment for fire-fighters : Massive metal is nonflammable. Remark : No additional remark. Remark

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	nt	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

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Precautions for safe handling		
Protective measures	special instructions before use. Do ead and understood. Do not get in normal use the material presents a tion or wear appropriate respirator. tive made from a compatible mater	ipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - not handle until all safety precautions have eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. If respiratory hazard, use only with adequate Keep in the original container or an approved ial, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	d, stored and processed. Workers g and smoking. Remove contamina	ohibited in areas where this material is should wash hands and face before eating, ated clothing and protective equipment before for additional information on hygiene
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventil ection 10) and food and drink. Stor aled until ready for use. Containers	Store in original container protected from ated area, away from incompatible materials e locked up. Keep container tightly closed that have been opened must be carefully ge. Do not store in unlabeled containers. ronmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Tin	OSHA (United States, 0/1997). Notes: Respirable TWA: 2 mg/m ³ NIOSH (United States, 0/1994). Notes: Respirable TWA: 2 mg/m ³
	STEL: 4 mg/m ³ ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 2 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 2 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 2 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 8 hours.
lead	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ , (as Pb) 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 50 μg/m ³ , (as Pb) 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 50 μg/m ³ , (as Pb) 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls		If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Solid. [bar, ingot, solid wire]
Color	: silver-grey
Odor	: not applicable.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: 183 to 216°C (361.4 to 420.8°F)
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: [Product does not sustain combustion.]
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Massive metal is nonflammable.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 9.3
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water, hot water, METHANOL, diethyl ether, n- octanol and acetone.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.	
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.	
Type of aerosol	: Not applicable.	
Ignition distance	: Not applicable.	
Enclosed space ignition - Time equivalent	: Not applicable.	
Enclosed space ignition - Deflagration density	: Not applicable.	
Flame height	: Not applicable.	
Flame duration	: Not applicable.	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicologica	al effects
Acute toxicity	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: No additional remark.
Irritation/Corrosion	
Not available.	
NOT available.	
Sensitization	
Not available.	
Mutagapiaity	
<u>Mutagenicity</u>	
Not available.	
Carcinogenicity	
Not available.	
0	
Conclusion/Summary	: Human: LEAD crosses the placental barrier.
	CHRONIC OVEREXPOSURE EFFECTS; Increase of LEAD LEVEL in blood, muscle soreness, metallic taste, abdominal cramps, headaches.
	(Note: the above statements apply to ingested and/or inhaled particles [dust; fumes])
	Overexposure to tin oxide fumes may result in benigne pneumoconiosis (stannosis).
	Repeated and prolonged contact with bare skin may cause irritation, dermatitis and/or
	an allergic reaction (sensitization) in susceptible individuals.
Classification	

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
lead	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

1	Routes of entry not anticipated: Dermal.
:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
÷	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
÷	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ect</u>	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Section 11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
lead	Acute EC50 105 ppb Marine water	Algae - Chaetoceros sp Exponential growth phase	72 hours	
	Acute EC50 0.489 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours	
	Acute EC50 8000 µg/I Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna minor	4 days	
	Acute LC50 530 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia reticulata	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 4400 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 0.44 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Cyprinus carpio - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours	
	Chronic NOEC 0.25 mg/l Marine water Chronic NOEC 0.03 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Ulva pertusa Fish - Cyprinus carpio	96 hours 4 weeks	

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Мо	bil	ity	in	soi	
		_			

coefficient (Koc)

Soil/water partition : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
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Section 14. Transport information

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Reportable quantity 20 lbs / 9.08 kg Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.	-	-	-	-	-

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according	1	Not available.
to Annex II of MARPOL and		
the IBC Code		

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: United Sta	ites inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are liste	ed or exempted.	
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed				
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed				
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed				
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed				
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed				
<u>SARA 302/304</u>					
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/10/2019	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version : 0.01	9/12

Section 15. Regulatory information

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification

: Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	hazard	Sudden release of pressure		(acute) health	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
lead	≥50 - ≤75	No.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	lead	7439-92-1	≥50 - ≤75
Supplier notification	lead	7439-92-1	≥50 - ≤75

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts	:	The following components are listed: TIN; LEAD
New York	:	The following components are listed: Lead
New Jersey	:	The following components are listed: TIN; LEAD
Pennsylvania	:	The following components are listed: TIN; LEAD COMPOUNDS

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
lead	Yes.		15 μg/day (ingestion) 0.0005 μg/day (inhalation)	Yes.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Ingredient name	List name	Status
Lead (Pb)	Heavy metals - Annex 1	Listed

International lists

National inventory

Section 15. Regulatory information

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Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: All components are listed or exempted.
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia	: All components are listed or exempted.
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Turkey	: All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification		Justification
CARCINOGENICITY - Cate	gory 2	Calculation method
History		i
Date of printing	: 4/10/2019	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/10/2019	
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	
Version	: 0.01	

Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	 -ACGIH, Threshold Limit Values, 1994-1995Canada Gazette Part II, Vol. 122, No. 2 Registration SOR/88-64 31 December, 1987 Hazardous Products Act "Ingredient Disclosure List"CFR29, OSHA's Permissible Exposure Limits, revision July, 1993 CFR29, part 1910.1200, Hazard CommunicationCHEMTOX database -Components' manufacturer's Material Safety Data SheetCRC Handbook of chemistry and physics, 67 th edition, CRC Press inc., Boca Raton, FloridaCSST (Comission de Santé et Sécurité au Travail), document #RT-12: Classification of Certain Chemical Substances. -IATA, Dangerous Goods Regulations, 37th edition (January 1, 1996) -NFPA, Fire Protection Guide to Chemical Hazards, 11th editionNIOSH, Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, revision June 1994. Sigma-Alrich handbook of fine chemicals, 1998 -TSCA (Toxic Substance Contral Act), Chemical Substance Inventory List, 1985.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.